

Knowledge management: A tool for intersectoral communication in antiretroviral treatment

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Introduction: In Within Knowledge Management, we have three priority aspects such as organizational culture, technological information and intellectual capital. **Objective:** Disseminate information regarding interventions, antiretroviral treatments, results of qualitative-quantitative projects, seminars, congresses, forums, symposia, workshops, meetings, practices, interventions and experiences developed. **Materials and methods:** Participation of different representatives of governmental and non-governmental organizations, universities, hospitals, intervention groups, opinion leaders, people living with HIV (PLWHA), mutual help groups (GAM), peer counselors (PC), health professionals, students, etc. whose quantitative research results were disseminated on the platform in order to show the population and scientific community various strategies to respond to the direct or indirect HIV / AIDS epidemic, lessons learned, experiences and any activity that tends to acquire a new knowledge or enhance the one that already exists. **Results:** Thematic forums were held on the end of the HIV Epidemic and its implementation in Public Health, changing the course of the Epidemic in affected countries: leadership and responsibility, laboratory tests and antiretroviral treatment, scientific advances in the treatment of Tuberculosis and HIV, HIV integration and health services. **Conclusions:** the systematization of information allows disseminating and democratizing access to HIV knowledge; from different approaches such as health, education, social, political, economic; In addition, these results can be used by political decision-makers to propose and use intervention strategies with timely results, multidisciplinary research with a gender and intercultural approach to the population, and also complements the implementation of scientific projects that will help in the decision-making process. decisions and continuous improvement in the care of patients in health services.

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